Ab Initio Estimation of NbF_6^- , $NbClF_6^{2-}$, and NbF_7^{2-} Complexes Stability in Alkali Chloride Melts

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Quantum-chemical calculations of the parameters of the nM^+ NbClF₂² type particles have been performed, where M stands for Na, K, Cs and n=0-6. Under certain conditions such particles may exist in melts of alkali metal chlorides. Within the framework of this approximation, compositions for the most stable particles in molten salts were obtained. Relative stability of the particles containing the NbF₆⁻, NbClF₆²⁻, and NbF₇⁻ complexes has been calculated. Energies and some other characteristics of the electron structure and the particle geometry structure were determined depending on the n and M values. For estimation of the third sphere's influence, the systems (M₂NbF₇ + 8MCl) and (M₂NbF₇ + 15MCl) are surveyed. The chlorine anion enters the first coordination sphere in the Nasystem only, i. e. in this system the true complex NbClF₇³⁻ is formed.

Key words: Ab Initio Calculations; Chloride-Fluoride Niobium Complex; Outersphere Cations; Structure Parameters.